



Bylaws of Alberni Valley Food Security Society (the “Society”)

PART 1 – DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATION

Definitions

1.1 In these Bylaws:

“**Act**” means the *Societies Act* of British Columbia as amended from time to time;

“**Board**” means the directors of the Society;

“**Bylaws**” means these Bylaws as altered from time to time.

Definitions in Act apply

1.2 The definitions in the Act apply to these Bylaws.

Conflict with Act or regulations

1.3 If there is a conflict between these Bylaws and the Act or the regulations under the Act, the Act or the regulations, as the case may be, prevail.

PART 2 – MEMBERS

Application for membership

2.1 A person may apply to the Board for membership in the Society, and the person becomes a member on the Board’s acceptance of the application.

Duties of members

2.2 Every member must uphold the code of conduct of the Society and must comply with these Bylaws.

Amount of membership dues

2.3 The amount of the annual membership dues, if any, must be determined by the Board.

Member not in good standing

2.4 A member is not in good standing if the member fails to pay the member’s annual membership dues, if any, and/or does not uphold the society’s code of conduct.



Member not in good standing may not vote

- 2.5** A voting member who is not in good standing
- (a) may not vote at a general meeting, and
 - (b) is deemed not to be a voting member for the purpose of consenting to a resolution of the voting members.

Termination of membership if member not in good standing

- 2.6** A person's membership in the Society is terminated if the person is not in good standing for 6 consecutive months.

PART 3 – GENERAL MEETINGS OF MEMBERS

Time and place of general meeting

- 3.1** A general meeting must be held at the time and, if applicable, place the Board determines.

Ordinary business at general meeting

- 3.2** At a general meeting, the following business is ordinary business:
- (a) adoption of rules of order;
 - (b) consideration of any financial statements of the Society presented to the meeting;
 - (c) consideration of the reports, if any, of the directors or auditor;
 - (d) election or appointment of directors;
 - (e) appointment of an auditor, if any;
 - (f) business arising out of a report of the directors not requiring the passing of a special resolution.

Notice of special business

- 3.3** A notice of a general meeting must state the nature of any business, other than ordinary business, to be transacted at the meeting in sufficient detail to permit a member receiving the notice to form a reasoned judgment concerning that business.

Chair of general meeting

- 3.4** The following individual is entitled to preside as the chair of a general meeting:



- (a) the individual, if any, appointed by the Board to preside as the chair;
- (b) if the Board has not appointed an individual to preside as the chair or the individual appointed by the Board is unable to preside as the chair,
 - (i) the president,
 - (ii) the vice-president, if the president is unable to preside as the chair, or
 - (iii) one of the other directors in attendance at the meeting, if both the president and vice-president are unable to preside as the chair.

Alternate chair of general meeting

- 3.5** If there is no individual entitled under these Bylaws who is able to preside as the chair of a general meeting within 15 minutes from the time set for holding the meeting, the voting members who are in attendance must elect an individual present at the meeting to preside as the chair.

Quorum required

- 3.6** Business, other than the election of the chair of the meeting and the adjournment or termination of the meeting, must not be transacted at a general meeting unless a quorum of voting members is in attendance.

Quorum for general meetings

- 3.7** The quorum for the transaction of business at a general meeting is 3 voting members

Lack of quorum at commencement of meeting

- 3.8** If, within 30 minutes from the time set for holding a general meeting, a quorum of voting members is not in attendance,
- (a) in the case of a meeting convened on the requisition of members, the meeting is terminated, and
 - (b) in any other case, the meeting stands adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and, if applicable, place, and if, at the continuation of the adjourned meeting, a quorum is not present within 30 minutes from the time set for holding the continuation of the adjourned meeting, the voting members who are present constitute a quorum for that meeting.

If quorum ceases to be present

- 3.9** If, at any time during a general meeting, there ceases to be a quorum of voting members present, business then in progress must be suspended until there is a quorum in attendance or until the meeting is adjourned or terminated.



Adjournments by chair

3.10 The chair of a general meeting may, or, if so directed by the voting members at the meeting, must, adjourn the meeting from time to time and, if applicable, from place to place, but no business may be transacted at the continuation of the adjourned meeting other than business left unfinished at the adjourned meeting.

Notice of continuation of adjourned general meeting

3.11 It is not necessary to give notice of a continuation of an adjourned general meeting or of the business to be transacted at a continuation of an adjourned general meeting except that, when a general meeting is adjourned for 30 days or more, notice of the continuation of the adjourned meeting must be given.

Order of business at general meeting

3.12 The order of business at a general meeting is as follows:

- (a) elect an individual to chair the meeting, if necessary;
- (b) determine that there is a quorum;
- (c) approve the agenda;
- (d) approve the minutes from the last general meeting;
- (e) deal with unfinished business from the last general meeting;
- (f) if the meeting is an annual general meeting,
 - (i) receive the directors' report on the financial statements of the Society for the previous financial year, and the auditor's report, if any, on those statements,
 - (ii) receive any other reports of directors' activities and decisions since the previous annual general meeting,
 - (iii) elect or appoint directors, and
 - (iv) appoint an auditor, if any;
- (g) deal with new business, including any matters about which notice has been given to the members in the notice of meeting;
- (h) terminate the meeting.

Methods of voting

3.13 At a general meeting, voting must be by a show of hands, an oral vote or another method that adequately discloses the intention of the voting members, except that if, before or



after such a vote, 2 or more voting members request a secret ballot or a secret ballot is directed by the chair of the meeting, voting must be by a secret ballot.

Announcement of result

3.14 The chair of a general meeting must announce the outcome of each vote and that outcome must be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

Proxy voting not permitted

3.15 Voting by proxy is not permitted.

Matters decided at general meeting by ordinary resolution

3.16 A matter to be decided at a general meeting must be decided by ordinary resolution unless the matter is required by the Act or these Bylaws to be decided by special resolution or by another resolution having a higher voting threshold than the threshold for an ordinary resolution.

PART 4 – DIRECTORS

Number of directors on Board

4.1 The Society must have no fewer than 3 and no more than 11 directors.

Election or appointment of directors

4.2 (i) At each annual general meeting, the voting members entitled to vote for the election or appointment of directors must elect or appoint the Board as below:

Who Can Be Nominated?

To be eligible to run for the Board of Directors, candidates must:

- Be a current member in good standing.
- Not have any conflicts of interest.
- Have the skills and experience that would help the organization succeed.
- Be **nominated** and **seconded** by two eligible members.
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Nomination Timeline

- **Nomination Period Opens:** Four weeks prior to AGM
- **Nomination Period Closes:** Two weeks prior to AGM
- **Nominee Slate Finalized:** Members will receive a final list of candidates at least seven days before the AGM.**How to Nominate Someone (or Yourself)**



Call for Nominations

- We'll send out a call for nominations via email and post it on our website. This will include details about the open Board positions and the deadline to submit nominations.

Submitting Nominations

- If you want to nominate someone (or yourself), please submit the following:
 - Full name and contact info of the nominee.
 - A statement from the nominee agreeing to run and confirming they're eligible.
 - A short bio of the nominee explaining why they'd be a good fit for the Board.
 - The name and contact info of the person nominating and seconding the candidate.

Nominee Review

- After the nomination period ends, we'll review the nominations to make sure everyone meets the eligibility requirements. If a nominee doesn't qualify, we'll let them know, and they may have a chance to make changes if needed.

Final Slate of Candidates

- Once nominations are reviewed, we'll put together a list of all eligible candidates and share it with members before the AGM. If there are only enough candidates for each position, we may hold the election by **acclamation** (i.e., vote by general agreement). If there are more candidates than available spots, we'll hold a vote.

Candidate Statements

We'll give nominees a chance to share a short statement about themselves or even present to the members before the vote, so everyone knows who's running.

(ii) Directors elected or appointed at the AGM serve a term of 1 year

Directors may fill casual vacancy on Board

- 4.3** The Board may, at any time, appoint a member as a director to fill a vacancy that arises on the Board as a result of the resignation, death or incapacity of a director during the director's term of office.



Term of appointment of director filling casual vacancy

- 4.4** A director appointed by the Board to fill a vacancy ceases to be a director at the end of the unexpired portion of the term of office of the individual whose departure from office created the vacancy.

Removal of Directors

- 4.5** A director in good standing if they
- (i) are a member of the society,
 - ii) uphold the society's code of conduct, and
 - (ii) have attended at least 6 of the past 10 meetings that they are eligible to attend
- 4.6** A director who is not in good standing for 40 consecutive days be removed from the board, by unanimous resolution of the board

PART 5 – DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

Calling directors' meeting

- 5.1** A directors' meeting may be called by the president or by any 2 other directors.

Notice of directors' meeting

- 5.2** At least 2 days' notice of a directors' meeting must be given unless all the directors agree to a shorter notice period.

Proceedings valid despite omission to give notice

- 5.3** The accidental omission to give notice of a directors' meeting to a director, or the non-receipt of a notice by a director, does not invalidate proceedings at the meeting.

Conduct of directors' meetings

- 5.4** The directors may regulate their meetings and proceedings as they think fit.

Quorum of directors

- 5.5** The quorum for the transaction of business at a directors' meeting is a majority of the directors.

PART 6 – BOARD POSITIONS



Election or appointment to Board positions

6.1 Directors must be elected or appointed to the following Board positions, and a director, other than the president, may hold more than one position:

- (a) president;
- (b) vice-president;
- (c) secretary;
- (d) treasurer.

Directors at large

6.2 Directors who are elected or appointed to positions on the Board in addition to the positions described in these Bylaws are elected or appointed as directors at large.

Role of president

6.3 The president is the chair of the Board and is responsible for supervising the other directors in the execution of their duties.

Role of vice-president

6.4 The vice-president is the vice-chair of the Board and is responsible for carrying out the duties of the president if the president is unable to act.

Role of secretary

6.5 The secretary is responsible for doing, or making the necessary arrangements for, the following:

- (a) taking minutes of general meetings and directors' meetings;

Absence of secretary from meeting

6.6 In the absence of the secretary from a meeting, the Board must appoint another individual to act as secretary at the meeting.

Role of treasurer

6.7 The treasurer is responsible for doing, or making the necessary arrangements for, the following:

- (a) receiving and banking monies collected from the members or other sources;
- (b) keeping accounting records in respect of the Society's financial transactions;
- (c) preparing the Society's financial statements;



(d) making the Society's filings respecting taxes.

PART 7 – REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SIGNING AUTHORITY

Remuneration of directors

7.1 These Bylaws do not permit the Society to pay to a director remuneration for being a director, but the Society may, subject to the Act, pay remuneration to a director for services provided by the director to the Society in another capacity.

Signing authority

7.2 A contract or other record to be signed by the Society must be signed on behalf of the Society

- (a) by the president, together with one other director,
- (b) if the president is unable to provide a signature, by the vice-president together with one other director,
- (c) if the president and vice-president are both unable to provide signatures, by any 2 other directors, or
- (d) in any case, by one or more individuals authorized by the Board to sign the record on behalf of the Society.

PART 8 – CHARITABLE PROVISIONS

Non-Profit Operation

8.1 The Society shall be carried on without purpose of gain for its members, and any profits or other accretions shall be used solely in promoting its purposes.

No part of the income or assets of the Society shall be paid to or otherwise made available for the personal benefit of any member, director, or officer except as reasonable compensation for services rendered to the Society.

Non-Partisan Activities

8.2 The Society shall be non-partisan and shall not directly or indirectly support or oppose any political party or candidate for public office.

The Society may engage in public policy dialogue and development activities provided such activities are subordinate to and support the Society's charitable purposes.



Dissolution

- 8.3** Upon dissolution of the Society, any assets remaining after payment of its debts and liabilities shall be distributed to one or more qualified donees as defined under the Income Tax Act (Canada).

Reasonable Compensation and Contracts

- 8.4** The Society may pay reasonable compensation for services rendered to the Society and may enter into contracts or arrangements necessary to carry out its charitable purposes, provided that such compensation or arrangements are approved by the Board and are consistent with the Society's conflict of interest policies and applicable law.

Partnerships and Distribution of Resources

- 8.5** In furtherance of its charitable purposes, the Society may collaborate or enter into partnerships with other organizations, including charities, non-profit organizations, public institutions, and community groups.

Where the Society provides funds, food, or other resources to another organization or individual, the Society shall maintain direction and control over the use of those resources to ensure they are used solely for the Society's charitable purposes.